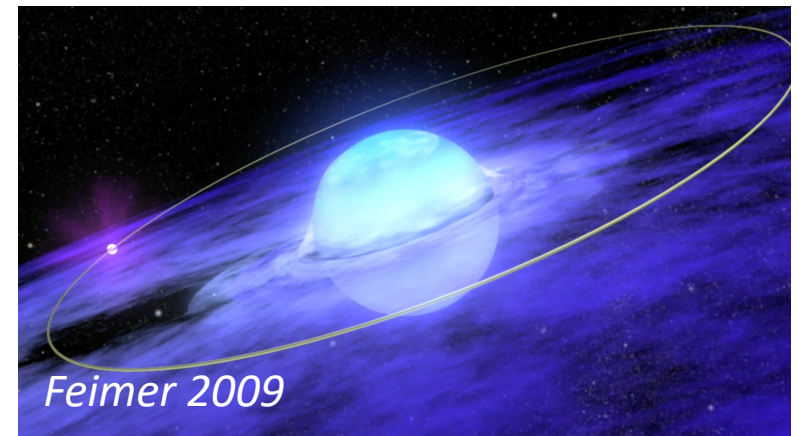
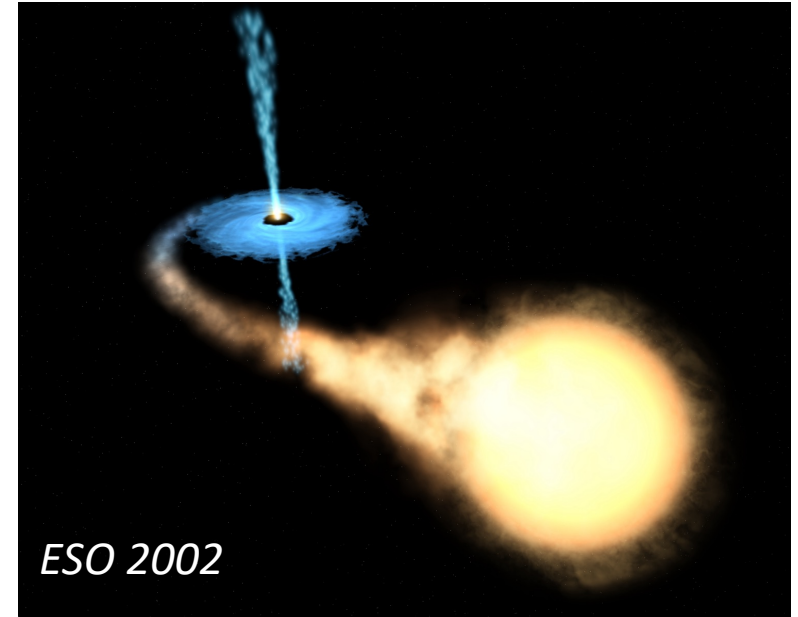


# High-mass X-ray binaries in the Large Magellanic Cloud

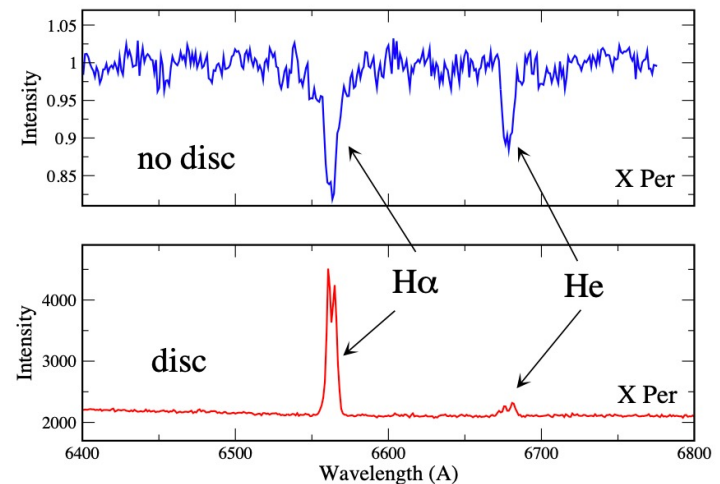
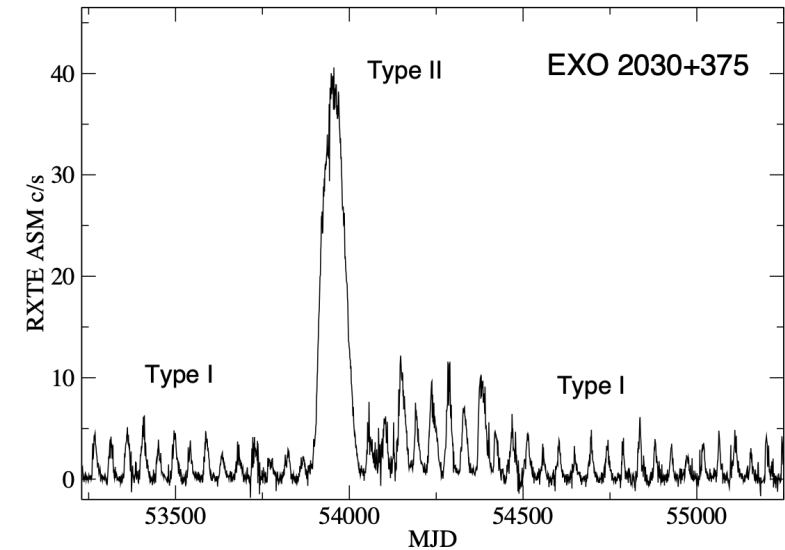


David Kaltenbrunner,  
Chandreyee Maitra, Frank Haberl et al.

- Supergiant X-ray binaries
  - $P_{orb} \sim$  few days (Walter+ 2015)
  - $L_X \sim 10^{36} - 10^{37} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$  (Martinez-Nunez+ 2017)
  - Wind-/Discfed
- Be X-ray binaries
  - Mostly quiescent  $L_X \sim 10^{33} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$
  - Type 1/2 outbursts

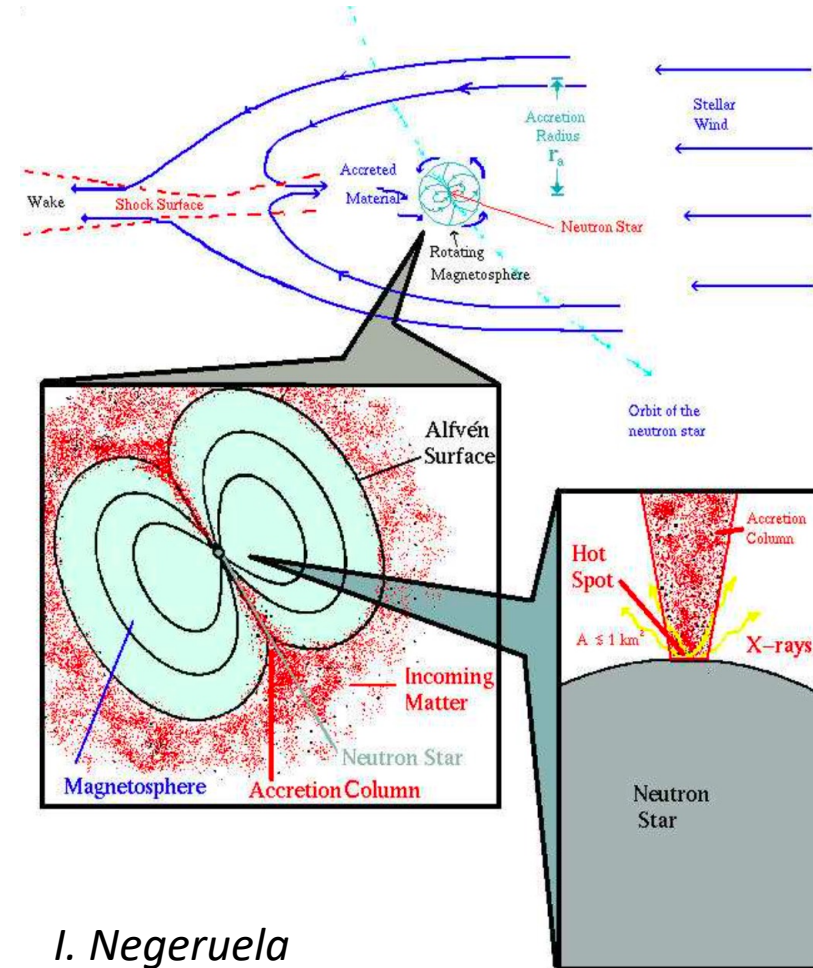


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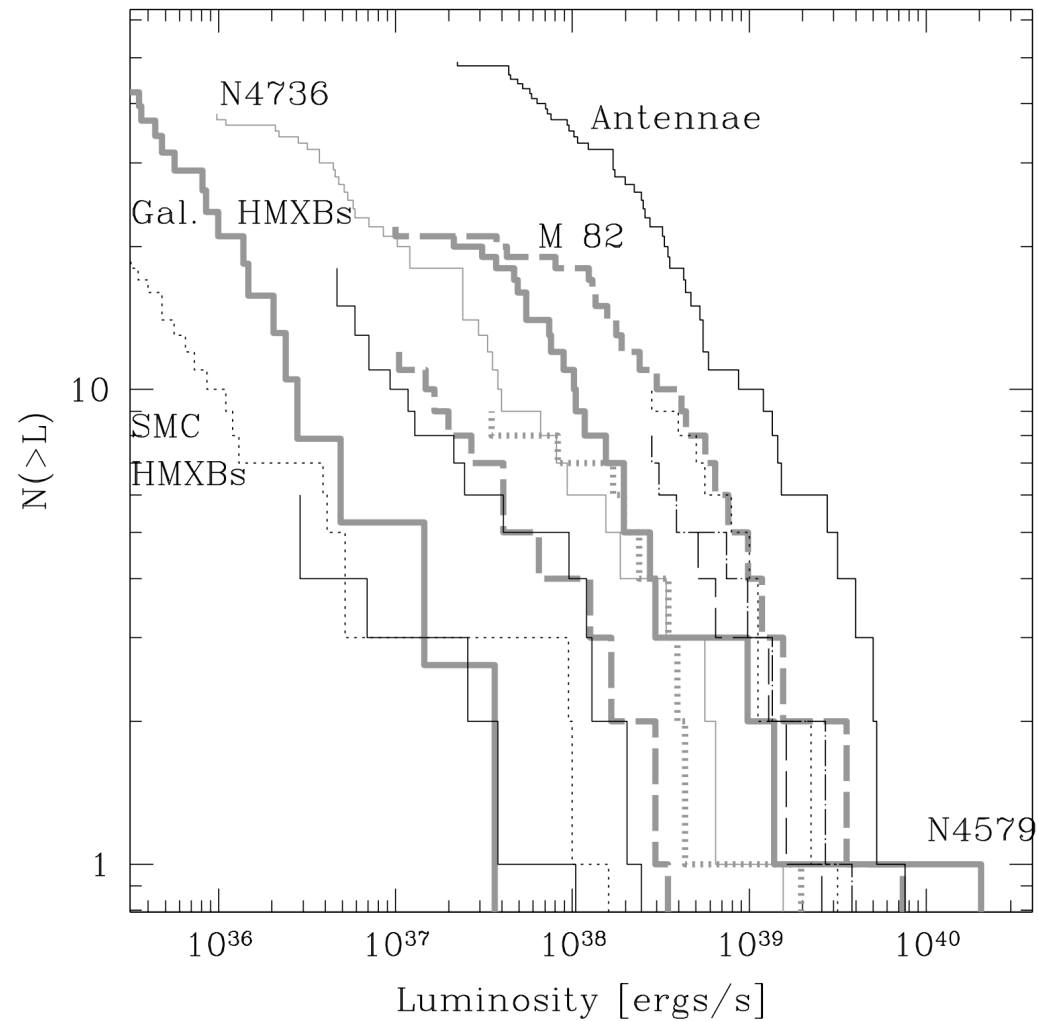


Both from Reig 2011

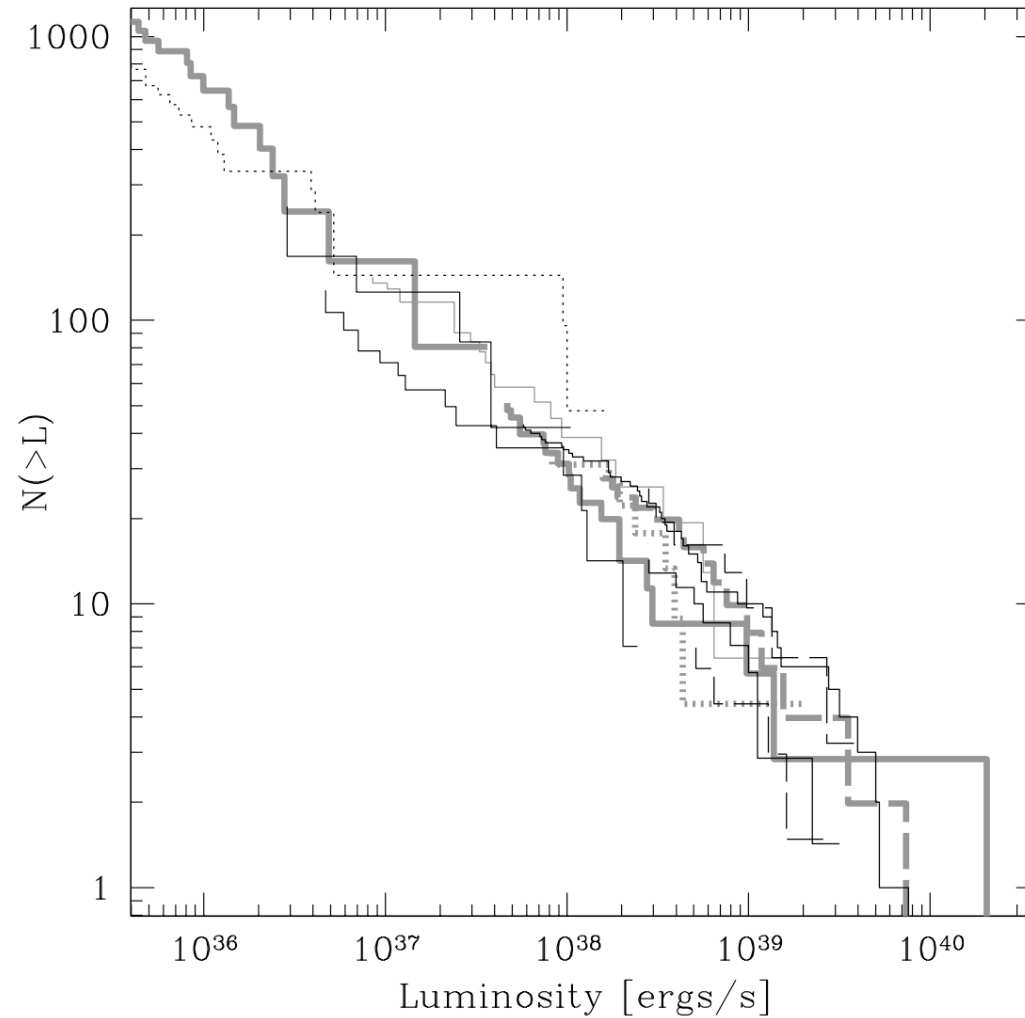
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*I. Negeruela*



*Grimm+2003; Fig. 1 left;  
XLF of nearby galaxies*



*Grimm+2003; Fig. 1 right;  
XLF of nearby galaxies scaled  
by SFR relative to Antennae*

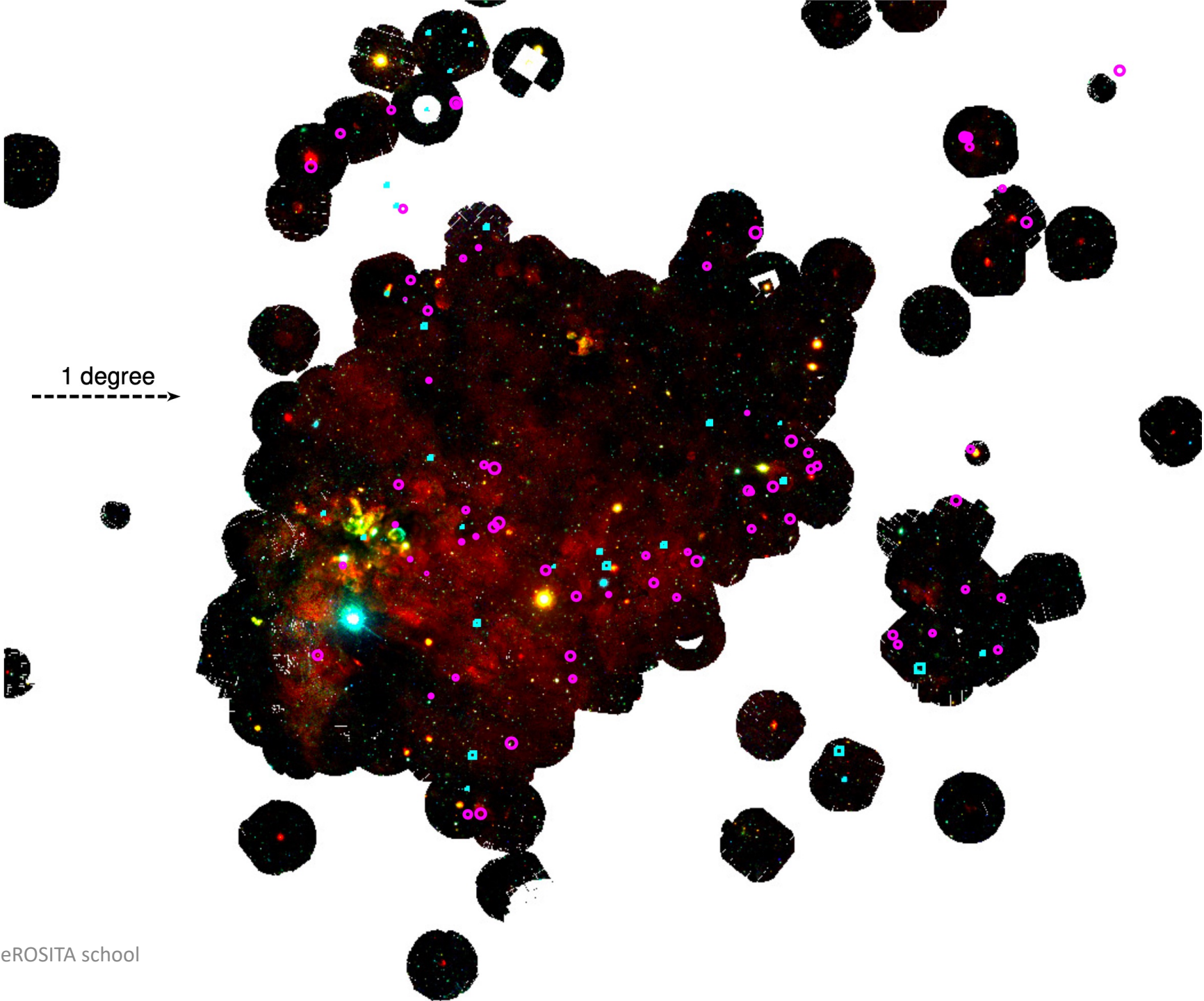
PSPC pointings

LMC

59 deg<sup>2</sup>  
750 sources  
(Haberl et al. 1999)

0.1-2.4 keV

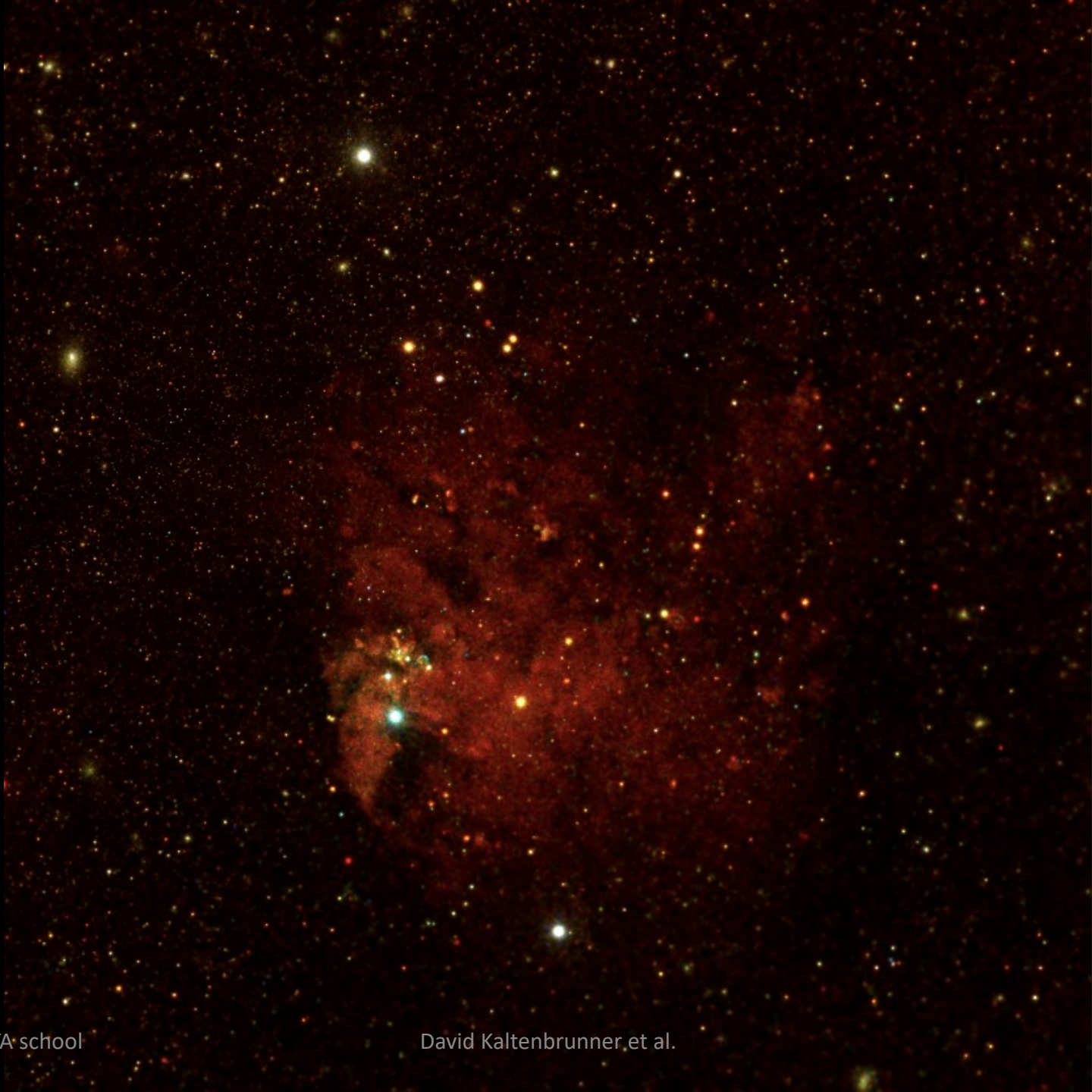
*Mosaic image of all  
XMM-Newton  
observations used in  
LMC survey*





The mirror systems collect high-energy photons and focus them on the CCD X-ray cameras.





*eRASS1 image of LMC*

*0.2-1.0 keV*

*1.0-2.0 keV*

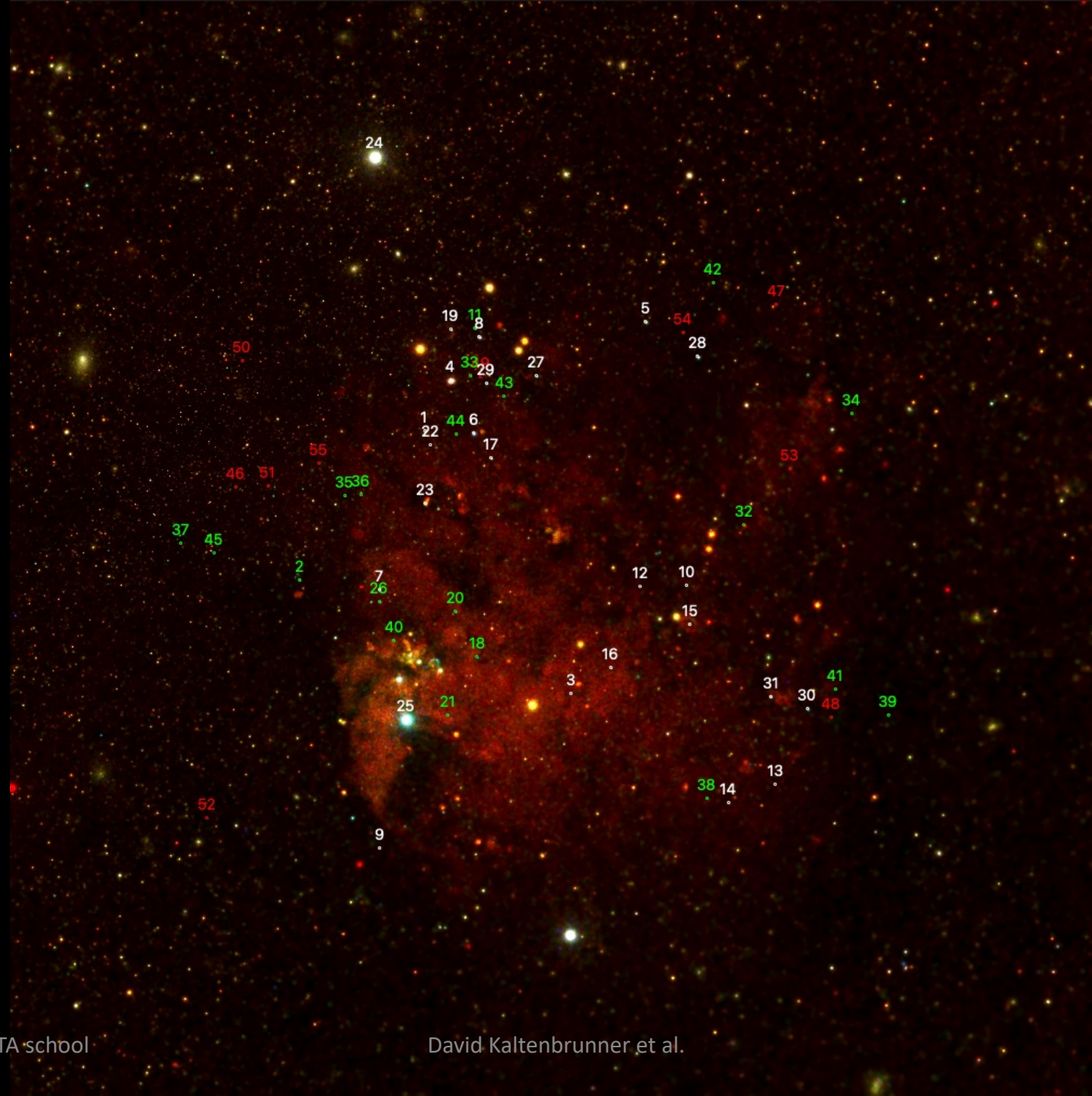
*2.0-4.5 keV*

25/55 known HMXB  
(from Antoniou&Zezas 2016  
and own list)

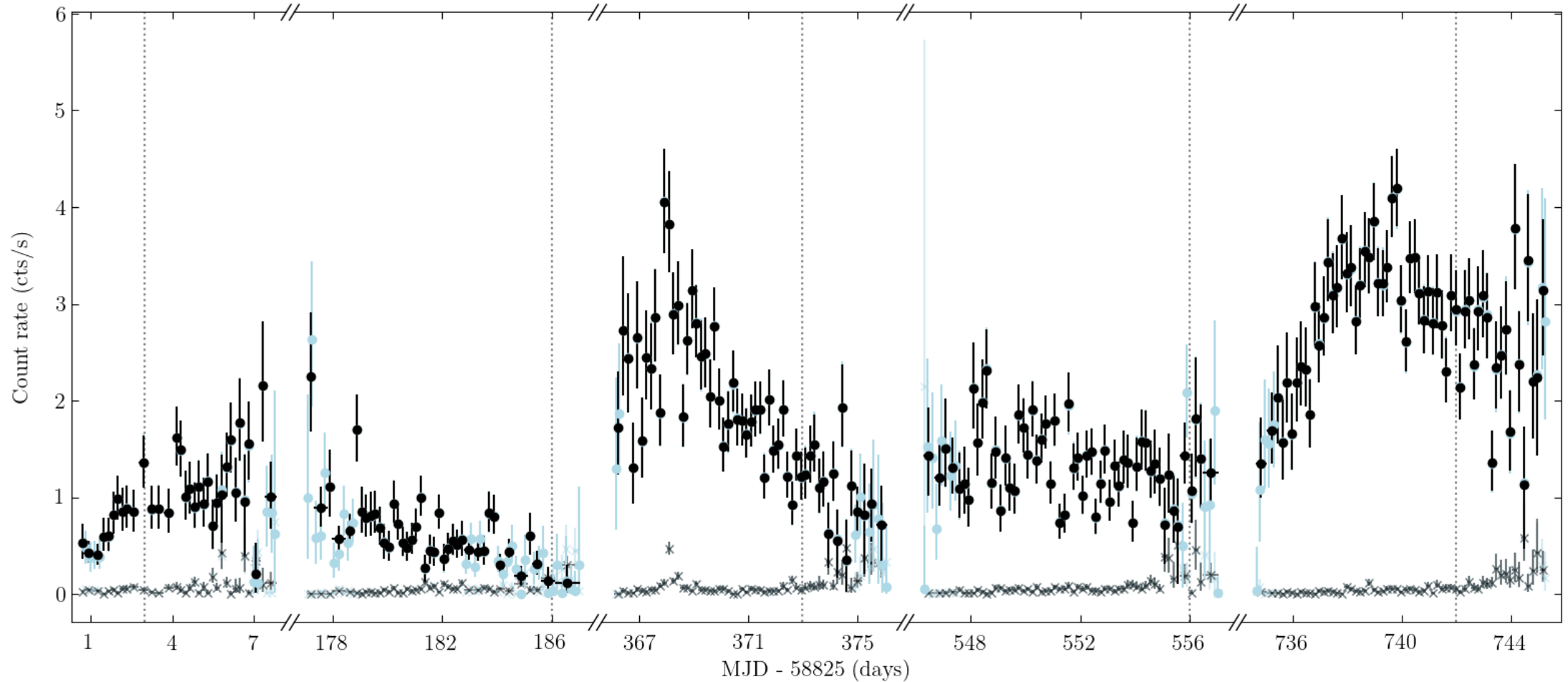
20 good candidates

9 uncertain candidates

5 rejected

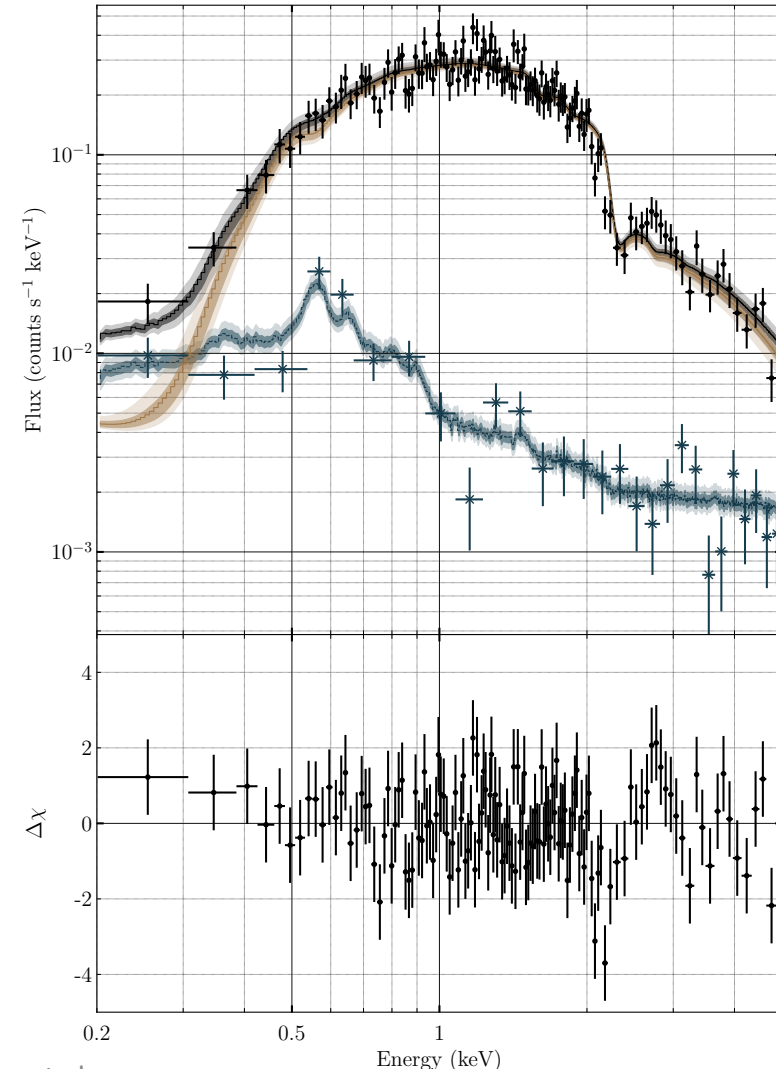


eRASS1 image of LMC  
0.2-1.0 keV  
1.0-2.0 keV  
2.0-4.5 keV



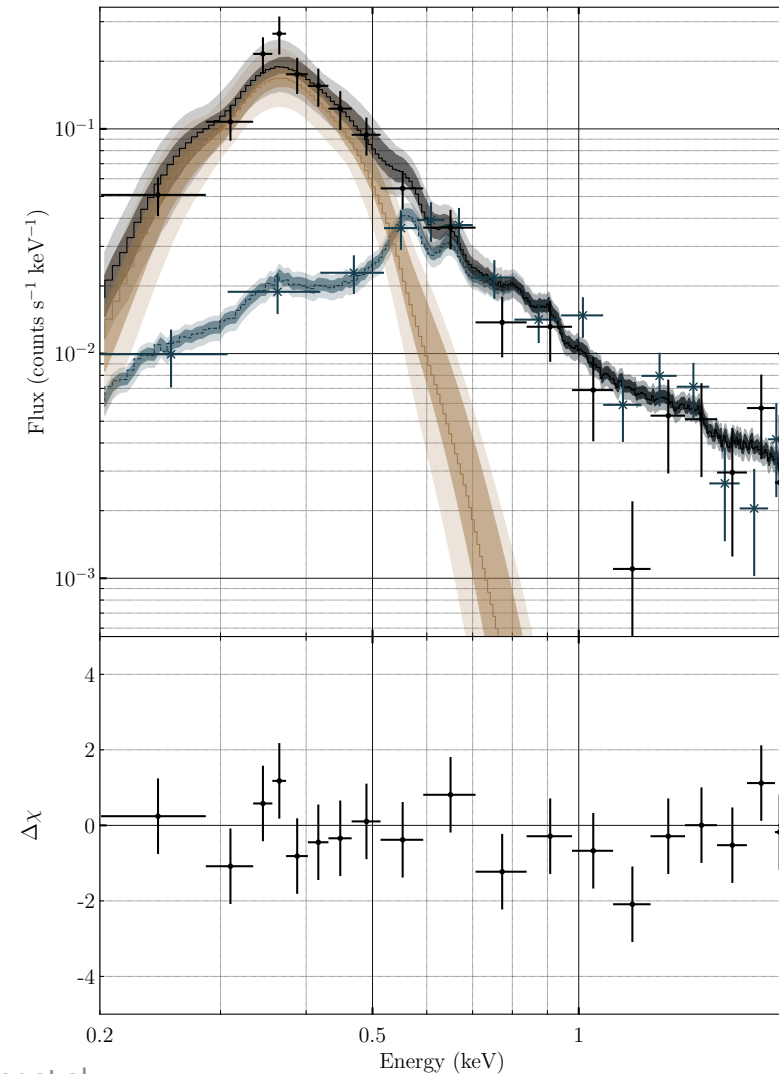
Haberl+2023;  
eRASSUJ050810.4-660653 eRASS:4 lightcurve

- High variability in lightcurve
- Absorbed powerlaw spectrum
- Absorption:
  - Foreground:  $\sim 6 \times 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-2}$
  - Local: can be up to 3 orders of magnitude larger
- Powerlaw index typically  $< 1.3$



*Haberl+2023;  
eRASSJ050810.4-660653 eRASS:4 spectrum*

- White dwarf as compact companion
- Absorbed blackbody spectrum
- Temperature  $\sim 100$  eV
- Emission radius  $\sim 50$  km



*Kaltenbrunner+ in prep.;  
eRASS:4 spectrum of typical BeWD candidate*